

CORPORATE RESOURCES OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

Date of Meeting	Friday 18 th December 2015
Report Subject	Capital Programme 2016/17 – 2019/20: Overview
Cabinet Member	Leader of Council
Report Author	Chief Officer, Organisational Change Corporate Finance Manager
Type of Report	Strategic

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Following on from the previous agenda item introducing the Draft Capital Strategy and Asset Management Plan, this report puts forward an overview of the 2016/17 – 2019/20 Capital Programme for Member comments.

RECO	MMENDATIONS
1	Continue to support the existing proposal of allocating capital receipts to fund capital schemes generally only when the receipts have been actually received (paragraphs 1.04 and 1.05).
2	Support the allocations in Table 2 (paragraph 1.08) for Statutory / Regulatory and Retained Assets sections of the Capital Programme 2016/17 – 2019/20.
3	Support the schemes included in Table 3 (paragraph 1.12) for the Investment section of the Capital Programme 2016/17 – 2019/20.
4	Endorse the remainder of the report.

REPORT DETAILS

	CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2016/17	– 2019/2	0: INIT	IAL PR	OPOSA	LS
	Projected Funding Available 201	6/17 – 20	019/20			
1.01	Table 1 below shows the general available to fund the capital program	•	_			ted to b
	Table 1					
	ESTIMATED AVAILABLE	FUNDING	G 2016/1	7 - 2019)/20	
		2016/17 £m	2017/18 £m	2018/19 £m	2019/20 £m	Total £m
	Financing (Excluding Specific Funding)					
	Unhypothecated Supported Borrowing (USB) 1	4.181	4.181	4.181	4.181	16.724
	General Capital Grant (GCG) 1	2.544	2.544	2.544	2.544	10.176
	Capital Receipts Available (As at M6 2015/16) Total	9.354	0.000 6.725	0.000	0.000 6.725	2.629
	Estimated Capital Receipts (As at M6 2015/16)	9.334 5.427	1.757	6.725 2.757	2.414	29.529 12.355
	1 As per 16/17 Provisional Settlement.	0.427	1.101	2.101	2.414	12.000
	allocation and the amount Gener	al Capit	al Grar	nt recei	ived fror	n Wels
	Government in the years 2016/17 information provided in the 2016/local government. The Welsh settlement until March 2016. Compared with 2015/16 final fin Supported Borrowing allocation h	ral Capit rate to 2019 rate to	al Grar 9/20 re financi ment v ettleme ced by	nt receimains in settle won't purchase the settle won't purchase the £0.089	ived fror the same ement foublish the Unhypo	m Welse as the or welse the fin
1.03	Government in the years 2016/17 information provided in the 2016/local government. The Welsh settlement until March 2016. Compared with 2015/16 final fin	ral Capit r to 2019 17 draft Govern ancial s as redu eduction not been ital Prog is not av	al Grar 9/20 re financi ment v ettleme ced by of £0.1 include ramme /ailable	nt receimains in all settle won't purchased in Talas suff at this	ived from the same ement for bublish the Unhypo 9m and able 1 as icient inf point in	e as the or welsthe find the cate General cormation the year

	Further receipts received in 2015/16 will be retained for allocation to schemes in year or later on in the development of the 2016/17 – 2019/20 Programme.
1.05	Future estimated capital receipts have been included for reference in Table 1, they are not being relied upon to fund future schemes. The 2016/17 figure includes anticipated receipts from now until the end of 2015/16 and anticipated receipts in 2016/17.
1.06	The figures in Table 1 relate to the Council Fund only with the HRA Capital Programme being reported to the Housing Overview and Scrutiny Committee.
	Capital Programme 2016/17 – 2019/20
1.07	Before proceeding to explain the context and background to the capital programme 2016/17 onwards it is important to note that this is a transitional year to enable service areas to prepare for business cases which will draw from the investment fund.
	The new Capital Strategy and Asset Management Plan has split the Capital Programme into 3 sections; Statutory / Regulatory, Retained Assets and Investment Programmes.
	 Statutory / Regulatory section – annual allocation to cover regulatory and statutory works. Examples include; providing support to improve and adapt private sector homes (Disabled Facilities Grants), adaptations to schools for children with disabilities, any works required to keep buildings open by Health and Safety requirements etc. Funded generally by General Capital Grant and Unhypothecated Supported Borrowing allocation.
	 Retained Assets section – annual allocation to fund schemes that maintain, enhance and improve retained assets to deliver services. Significant needs identified by service plans / condition surveys etc. Service areas are Schools, Highways, and Corporate Offices. Funded generally by General Capital Grant and Unhypothecated Supported Borrowing allocation.
	 Investment section – new schemes arising from Portfolio business plans, the Improvement Plan, other relevant and emerging plans, and other strategies approved through selection process based on the provision of a sound business case. Funded generally by Capital Receipts and Debt / Alternative source of funding.
	Items 1.07.01 and 1.07.2 above are similar to the current core capital programme but will be much reduced compared with current expenditure levels to create appropriate capacity to fund the Investment section of future capital programmes.
	Statutory / Regulatory and Retained Asset Allocations – 2016/17 – 2019/20

1.08 Table 2 below shows the proposed allocations for the period 2016/17 – 2019/20 for the Statutory / Regulatory and Retained Asset sections of the Capital Programme.

Table 2

PROPOSED ALLOCATIONS 2016/17 - 2019/			20		
	2016/17 £m	2017/18 £m	2018/19 £m	2019/20 £m	Total £m
Statutory / Regulatory Section					
DD Act - Individual Pupils	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	1.000
Private Sector Renewals & Improvements	1.465	1.000	1.000	1.000	4.465
Housing Renewal Area Support	0.190	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.190
School Building Works	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.400
Corporate Property Works	0.300	0.300	0.300	0.300	1.200
Total Statutory / Regulatory	2.305	1.650	1.650	1.650	7.255
Retained Assets Section					
School Building Works	0.900	0.900	0.900	0.900	3.600
Corporate Property Works	0.300	0.300	0.300	0.300	1.200
Highways Asset Management Plan	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	2.400
Headroom	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	1.000
Total Retained Assets Section	2.050	2.050	2.050	2.050	8.200

- 1.09 Chief Officers will develop detailed programmes of work and reports will be provided to Cabinet as part of regular capital monitoring.
- 1.10 Headroom has been built in to enable the programme to be more flexible; either to allocate funding to small schemes as they present in year as a result of opportunities, or to fund urgent unforeseen activity.
- 1.11 The draft Capital Strategy and Asset Management Plan provides for Capital Programmes that will be set on a four year rolling programmes reflecting schemes of a larger and more complex nature which span more than one financial year, and which may not match with, financial year boundaries. Schemes starting in year one will be approved along with costs and funding in the subsequent three years. Schemes starting in year two onwards will be given indicative approval to enable the service to commence planning, but will ultimately be approved in the subsequent years' Capital Programme.

Allocations in Table 2 above are therefore approved for 2016/17, and given indicative approval for 2017/18 through to 2019/20 to enable services to plan more efficiently. Final approval for 2017/18 through to 2019/20 will be given in future Capital Programmes.

Investment Section of the Capital Programme 2016/17 – 2019/20

1.12 Table 3 below shows the proposed schemes for the period 2016/17 – 2019/20 for the Investment section of the Capital Programme. This programme will grow throughout next year as business plans are developed.

Table 3

PROPOSED INVESTMENT SCHEMES 2016/17 - 2019/20					
	2016/17 £m	2017/18 £m	2018/19 £m	2019/20 £m	Total £m
Investment Section					
Community Asset Transfers	0.500				0.500
Solar PV Farms*	1.450				1.450
Town Centre Regeneration	0.100				0.100
Townscape Heritage Initiative	0.075				0.075
Total Investment Section	2.125	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.125

- The granting of capital funding to community groups to 'pump prime' Community Asset Transfers (CATs) was approved by Cabinet at its meeting of 15 June 2015, funding of £0.500m in 2015/16 and £0.500m in 2016/17 was allocated.
- 1.14 Portfolios through their business plans and the Improvement Plan have identified significant capital investment needed to improve services and achieve revenue efficiencies. Business cases are being prepared with the intention that additional capital schemes are brought to Cabinet for approval in the current and/or future financial years.
- 1.15 A report requesting support for the installation of photovoltaic (PV) arrays at ex landfill sites in Buckley was approved by Cabinet at its meeting of 15 June 2015. The provisional costs are included in table 3 above and a further report will come to Cabinet once all the details of the business are finalised.
- 1.16 Other Portfolios are in the process of considering options for future capital schemes before submitting business cases for approval. Examples of such schemes are listed below.
- 1.17 Glanrafon Day Centre Deeside. The current building is not suitable to deliver a service of quality efficiently and effectively. To retain the existing building would require significant capital and revenue investment. Options are currently being developed for consideration.
- 1.18 The Welsh Government has indicated that they intend to roll out Band B of the 21st Century Schools programme from 2019 onwards. It is expected that Welsh Government will provide further information in the next twelve months on securing the next phase of the investment. The Council will develop its strategies to ensure that we are maximising the potential investment opportunities that may be available via Welsh Government

	funding.					
	The Welsh Government funding crit potentially fund modernisation proeligible for grant via this programme.	jects;		-		
1.19	New approaches for delivering conthrough Alternative Delivery Mode services to meet future needs need future capital programmes. In additional have potential for capital funding the transition to Community organisation	els (AD d to be dition C do be r	Ms) ar consid ommun	nd to s ered wi ity Ass	sustain i thin the et Trans	mportar Council fers als
	Summary Capital Programme 2016/17 – 20	019/20				
1.20	Capital Programme.	Table 4 below summarises the initial proposals for the 2016/17 – 2019/20 Capital Programme.				
	SUMMARY CAPITAL PRO	GRAMN	IE 2016/	17 - 201	9/20	
	SUMMARY CAPITAL PRO	2016/17 £m		17 - 201 2018/19 £m	9/20 2019/20 £m	Total £m
	SUMMARY CAPITAL PROC Statutory / Regulatory Section Retained Assets Section Investment Section	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	
	Statutory / Regulatory Section Retained Assets Section	2016/17 £m 2.455 1.900	2017/18 £m 1.800 1.900	2018/19 £m 1.800 1.900	2019/20 £m 1.800 1.900	£m 7.855 7.600
	Statutory / Regulatory Section Retained Assets Section Investment Section	2016/17 £m 2.455 1.900 2.125	2017/18 £m 1.800 1.900 0.000	2018/19 £m 1.800 1.900 0.000	2019/20 £m 1.800 1.900 0.000	7.855 7.600 2.125
	Statutory / Regulatory Section Retained Assets Section Investment Section Total Programme (All Sections)	2016/17 £m 2.455 1.900 2.125 6.480 9.354	2017/18 £m 1.800 1.900 0.000 3.700	2018/19 £m 1.800 1.900 0.000 3.700	2019/20 £m 1.800 1.900 0.000 3.700	7.855 7.600 2.125 17.580

2.00	RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS
2.01	Implications for assets and financial implications as set out within the report. Other resource implications include Officer time in delivering the capital programme which is not considered to be a significant change from previous years.

3.00	CONSULTATIONS REQUIRED / CARRIED OUT
3.01	None required. Consultations undertaken include the Assets Programme Board and the Chief Officer Team both supported the proposals and principles.

4.00	RISK MANAGEMENT
4.01	Decisions made which involve the Council's assets and its Capital Programme often have very large and long term financial implications.

5.00	APPENDICES
5.01	None

6.00	LIST OF ACCESSIBLE BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS
6.01	Various working papers
	Contact Officer: Liz Thomas – Technical Finance Manager
	Telephone: 01352 702289
	E-mail: liz.thomas@flintshire.gov.uk

7.00	GLOSSARY OF TERMS
7.01	Asset Management Plan - A plan maintained by an authority of the condition and suitability of its assets, updated regularly and utilised to assess future capital needs
	Capital Expenditure - Expenditure on the acquisition of Non-current Assets or expenditure that extends the life or value of an existing asset
	Capital Programme - The Council's financial plan covering capital schemes and expenditure proposals for the current year and a number of future years. It also includes estimates of the capital resources available to finance the programme.
	Capital Receipt - Receipts (in excess of £10,000) from the disposal of an asset
	Capital Scheme - An individual capital project which is monitored and managed in isolation. The aggregate of all schemes comprises the Capital Programme
	Capital Strategy - A corporate document providing clear strategic guidance about an authority's objectives, priorities and spending plans, demonstrating the link to key corporate and service objectives. May be combined with the Asset Management Plan (AMP) to from a single document
	Council Fund - The fund to which all the Council's revenue and capital expenditure is charged
	Disposal - The decommissioning or transfer of an asset to another party

Financing - The process of allocating resources to meet the cost of capital expenditure, which can be done on a project, asset or whole programme basis. This contrasts with making the invoice payments relating to capital expenditure, which should be managed within the authority's overall treasury management policy

General Capital Grant - Annual capital grant from Welsh Government which the Council decides how to use the funding.

Housing Revenue Account - The fund to which all the Council's revenue and capital expenditure relating to its housing stock is charged.

Local Government Borrowing Initiative (LGBI) - Similar to **supported borrowing**. In recent years as Welsh Government funding has been under pressure, schemes that would have been funded by capital grant have been funded by LGBI. Welsh Government provides the revenue support for borrowing costs incurred by the Council in borrowing to fund capital schemes (the difference with supported borrowing being that it's for a specific purpose aligned to Welsh Government priorities). LGBI has recently been used for highways maintenance and is now being used to part fund the Welsh Government element of the 21st century schools programme.

Non-current Asset - A resource controlled (but not necessarily owned) by an authority, from which economic benefits or service potential are expected to flow to the authority for more than 12 months

Prudential Code - The code of practice drawn up by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) to underpin the requirements of the Local Government Act 2003 in respect of an authority's duty to determine the affordability, prudence and sustainability of its capital investment needs

Prudential Indicators - Required by the **Prudential Code**, these take the form of limits, estimates or actual figures used to support the local decision making process for capital investment

Revenue Expenditure - All expenditure incurred by an authority that cannot be classified as capital expenditure

Revenue Financing - Charges made to the revenue account to finance capital expenditure. May also be referred to as Capital Expenditure charged to Revenue Account (CERA).

Non-current Asset - A resource controlled (but not necessarily owned) by an authority, from which economic benefits or service potential are expected to flow to the authority for more than 12 months

Unhypothecated Supported Borrowing (USB), commonly referred to as Supported Borrowing - Each year Welsh Government provide Council's with a Supported Borrowing allocation. Council's borrow to fund capital expenditure equivalent to that annual allocation, Welsh Government then include funding to cover the revenue costs associated with the borrowing for future years within the Revenue Support Grant. The Council decides how this funding is spent.

Unsupported Prudential Borrowing - Borrowing administered under the **Prudential Code**, whereby authorities can set their own policies on acceptable levels and types of borrowing. The Prudential Framework allows authorities to take out loans in response to overall cash flow forecasts and other factors provided they can show that the borrowing is to meet planned capital expenditure in the current year or the next three years.

Whole Life Costs - The costs of acquiring or creating an asset, operating it, maintaining it over its useful life and finally any costs of disposal (i.e. the total cost of ownership).